

Stellingen behorende bij het proefschrift:

## *From the first breath of life: congenital diaphragmatic hernia, the child at risk*

*Lisette Leeuwen*

1. The burden of congenital diaphragmatic hernia is far more extensive than only respiratory morbidity. - this thesis
2. The high incidence of aberrant screening results for congenital hypothyroidism in neonates treated with extracorporeal membrane oxygenation is caused by non-thyroidal illness syndrome. - this thesis
3. Routine screening of patients with congenital diaphragmatic hernia for pulmonary hypertension in the first year is a waste of money, time and effort. - this thesis
4. Neuropsychological outcome and physical growth of patients with congenital diaphragmatic hernia is determined by the severity of illness during the neonatal period. - this thesis
5. Patients with congenital diaphragmatic hernia should receive standardized long-term follow-up during childhood, and ideally, follow-up should be problem-oriented and a moving target with regular updates according to the latest research findings. - this thesis
6. Despite improved survival rates of critically ill children, pediatric intensive care has not become easier. - Rennick et al. Pediatrics. 2015
7. Physicians' 'gut feelings' are a valuable skill, and these 'gut feelings' should not be ignored but used in medical decision making as well as in life. - Van den Bruel et al. BMJ. 2012
8. An open, curious mind is the sine qua non of success and achievement in any field, and therefore should always be encouraged. - Werner et al. Med Educ. 2011
9. Work experience abroad is very beneficial and valuable for the holistic development of physicians. - Reardon et al. BMC Med Educ. 2015
10. A physician, though well versed in the knowledge and treatment of disease, who does not enter into the heart of the patient with the virtue of light and love, will not be able to heal the patient. - Charaka, 'Father of Indian Medicine'
11. Be the change you want to see in the world. - Mahatma Gandhi

