

Stellingen

Medication use in children and adolescents Studies using different information sources

1. Self-reported information about medication use during pregnancy and pharmacy data may be contradictory, but are mainly complementary. *(this thesis)*
2. Labelling is no guarantee for adequate pharmacotherapy, as prescribing an on-label drug is not always accurate while prescribing an off-label drug is not always poor pharmacotherapy. *(this thesis)*
3. Measuring treatment adherence in children is often more complex than in adults, as not only child factors, but also family factors (caregivers or parents) play an important role. *(this thesis)*
4. The persistence of use of methylphenidate from childhood into adulthood may become a risk or prevent harm. *(this thesis)*
5. Put effort to cure the disease, but put even more effort to prevent the disease. *(this thesis)*
6. In our society, use of methylphenidate for non-medical purposes is a fact of life.
7. In the realm of ideas everything depends on enthusiasm. In the real world all rests on perseverance. *(Johann Wolfgang von Goethe)*
8. Be stubborn about your goals and flexible about your methods.
9. As long as reviewers ask whether we should use the term sex or gender when evaluating medication use, it is clear that their awareness of clinical pharmacology is limited.
10. Eat the elephant one bite at a time. *(Desmond Tutu)*
11. Vacation is the best source of inspiration for work.